

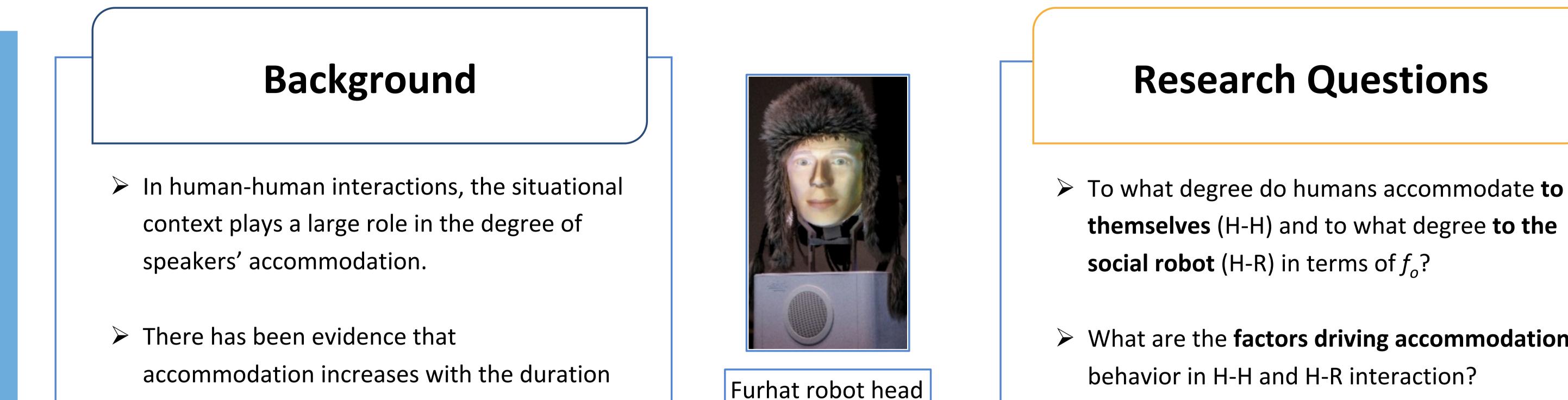
University Research Priority Program Language and Space



Accommodation in human-robot game interactions: The effect of social and situational factors

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- of an interaction.
- Listeners typically adapt more rapidly to their conversational partners' f_{o} than other prosodic features.

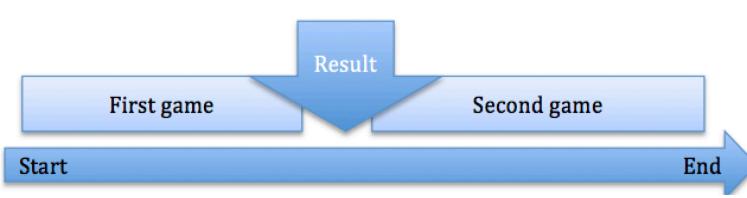
Method

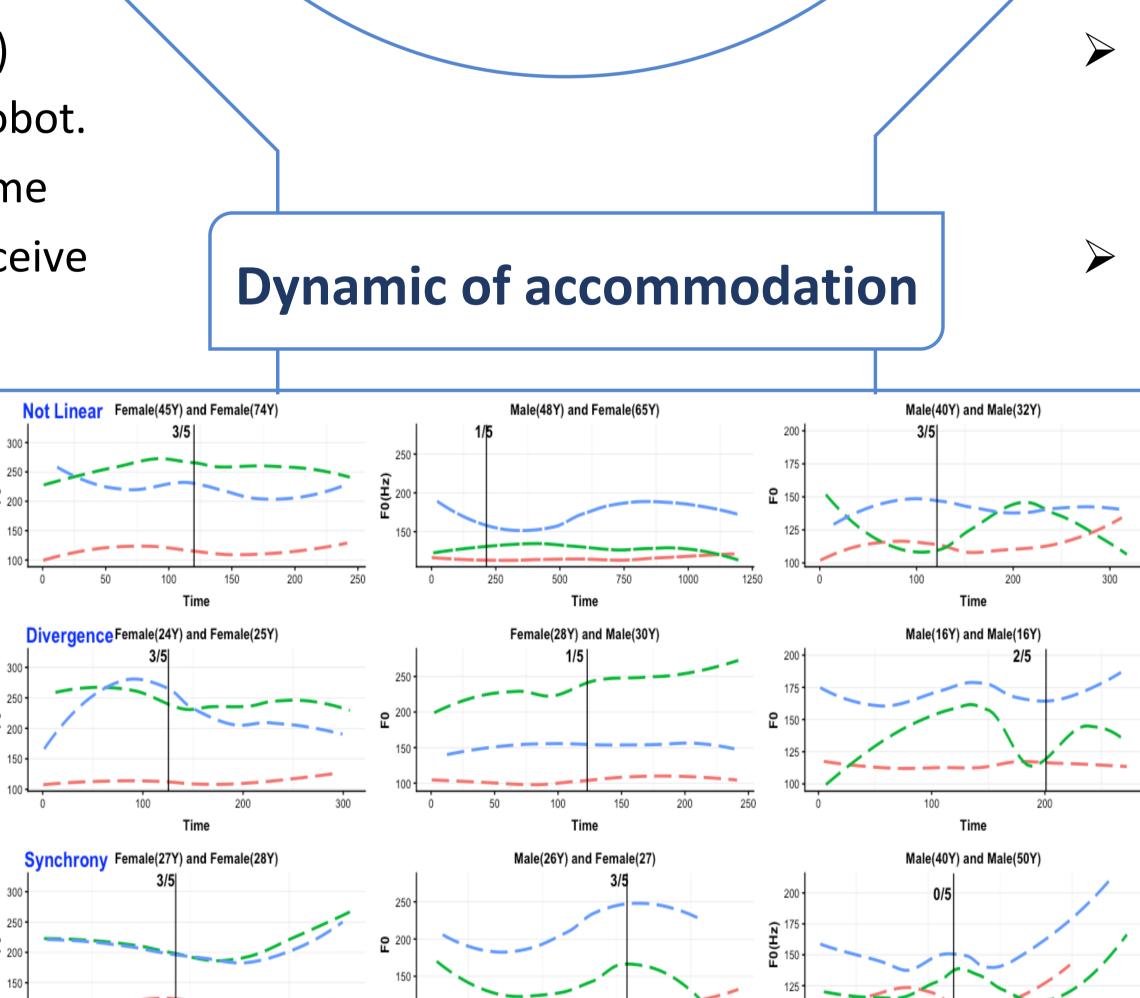
themselves (H-H) and to what degree **to the social robot** (H-R) in terms of f_o ?

- What are the factors driving accommodation behavior in H-H and H-R interaction?
- What the effect of social and situational factors on the accommodation over the time span of the conversation?



- > 60 adult participants (males /females) who played several games with the robot.
- Setting: Playing collaborative card game and at the end of each game, they receive the game's result.
- Language: Swedish.
- Acoustic analysis : Fundamental Frequency (f_0) .
- Goal: investigate the effect of game results and gender on the amount of the accommodation in the following game.



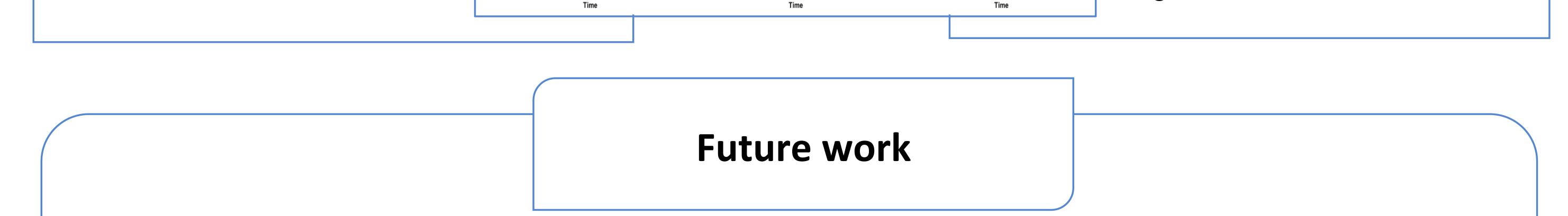


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- Accommodation over time does not follow a clear pattern visually.
- The finding suggests that accommodation between speakers is **not necessarily** a function of the duration of a conversation, but situational factor like winning the game, can have a greater effect on speakers' convergence.

Distance type (human-human and human-robot) and team gender composition (same or mixed gender interactions) have **no effect** on the degree of accommodation.



- Adding the full data of adults and children.
- Omnia Ibrahim, Gabriel Skantze, Sabine Stoll, Volker Dellwo, "Prosodic accommodation in Human-Human-Robot interactions" (Planned),

Journal of Phonetics, special issue: Vocal Accommodation in Speech Communication.